## EXHIBIT 2

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13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
14	FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA	
15	Jennifer Dale, on behalf of herself and all	Case No. CV-22-01659-PHX-SPL
16	others similarly situated,	CV-22-01847-PHX-SPL
17	Plaintiff,	(Consolidated)
18	v.	DECLARATION OF ROBERT B.
19	Travalora Proporty Coqualty Ingurance	CAREY IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL
20	Travelers Property Casualty Insurance Company,	OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT
21	Defendant.	AND CERTIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT CLASS
22	Cameron Bode, a single man,	
23	Plaintiff,	(Honorable Steven P. Logan)
24	,	
25	V.	
26	Travelers Property Casualty Insurance Company,	
27	Defendant.	
28	Dorondant.	
HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP		DECLARATION OF ROBERT B. CAREY

DECLARATION OF ROBERT B. CAREY

I Robert B. Carey, declare and state:

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## DECLARATION OF ROBERT B. CAREY

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Settlement Class.

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I am a partner at Hagens Berman Sobol Shapiro, LLP, counsel of record for 1. Plaintiffs in the above-entitled action. I make this declaration in support of Plaintiffs'

Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement and Certification of the

- 2. I have personal knowledge of the matters set forth in this declaration and if called to testify to the facts stated herein, I could and would do so completely.
- 3. Proposed Class Counsel spent significant time and resources investigating Franklin v. CSAA General Insurance Co., and the related cases, with the intention of coordinating litigation efforts across the cases.
- On February 21, 2023, Proposed Class Counsel Hagens Berman filed Franklin's Supplemental Brief Regarding Certified Questions with the Arizona Supreme Court.
- 5. On February 21, 2023, CSAA, the defendant in *Franklin*, similarly filed a supplemental brief.
- 6. In response to that briefing, four insurance companies and two insurance groups filed a total of five amicus briefs in support of CSAA, totaling seventy-four pages of briefing.
- 7. Hagens Berman filed a combined response to all five amicus briefs, which consisted of thirty-eight pages of additional briefing.
- 8. The Slavicek Law Firm, co-counsel in this case, filed a separate amicus brief.
- 9. The Arizona Supreme Court held oral argument on the certified questions on April 18, 2023.
- 10. John DeStefano of Hagens Berman argued those certified questions before the court.

- 11. On January 19, 2024, Plaintiffs issued fifty Requests for Production, fourteen Requests for Admission, and twenty-three Interrogatories to Travelers.
- 12. On March 5, 2024, in response to those requests, Travelers produced portions of Plaintiffs' respective claims files as well as copies of the Plaintiffs' policies and Travelers' standard form policies.
- 13. While maintaining various legal arguments and defenses, Travelers also admitted that it did not send notice letters to Plaintiffs of the right to select coverage, but denied it had any legal requirement to send such a notice, among other things, "because there was no possible choice for" the Plaintiffs to make.
- 14. While the parties were conducting discovery, they were also mediating the case.
- 15. Travelers also provided initial class member discovery and data to Plaintiffs for the purposes of settlement. For insureds that fit within the class definition, Travelers provided: (1) the date of loss; (2) the notice of loss date; (3) the type of coverage (UM/UIM); (4) the UM/UIM limits per person; (5) the number of vehicles on the policy; (6) the stacked coverage limit; (7) the amount paid; (8) medicals and anticipated future medicals; (9) lost wages and anticipated lost wages; (10) whether the insured signed a release; and (11) Traveler's estimated exposure.
- 16. This information was provided without including any personal identifying information about the putative class members.
- 17. Plaintiffs' counsel prepared a sixteen-page mediation memo in anticipation of the first mediation.
- 18. Plaintiff explained in his mediation memo that if the parties went to trial, Plaintiff would seek compensatory damages, interest, and punitive damages.
- 19. Parties participated in a half-day mediation in January and an all-day mediation in February.
  - 20. At those sessions, progress was made, but the Parties failed to settle.
  - 21. On June 3, 2023, the parties participated in a full day, in-person mediation.

- 22. The parties agreed on the key terms of the settlement, executing a Term Sheet the same day.
- 23. The projected final assessment of the value of the UM/UIM insurance benefits owed to the class is no less than \$9.3 million.
- 24. Plaintiff's Counsel, with the assistance of experts, previously estimated counterfactual settlement payments using statistical techniques such as Kaplan–Meier curve analysis and maximum likelihood estimation of censored claim data.
- 25. This experience shows that there is a strong relationship between unpaid loss and the available insurance funds.
- 26. This relationship varies by claim time and individual insurance limit. Loss ranges between 10-80% of available incremental insurance limits, depending on claim type and coverage limits.
- 27. When this relationship is applied to class data the estimated amount that would have been paid to class members had the allegedly appropriate limits been applied is \$9.3 million.
- 28. Each Class Member's allocated percentage is based on Travelers exposure data, which assures a fair allocation to each Class Member.
- 29. Because this is a common fund settlement, the costs of notice and distribution and attorneys' fees and costs will be paid out of the Settlement Fund. Based on conversations Plaintiffs' counsel have had with Epiq, the estimated costs of notice and distribution are \$20,000.
- 30. Through July 29, 2024, Class Counsel has advanced costs of \$46,679.43, and will seek no more than \$60,000 in costs, absent an appeal.
- 31. Plaintiffs assisted with drafting their factual allegations in the Complaints, provided and were involved in the settlement process.
- 32. Rather than seeking a quick, individual settlement, Bode agreed to bring claims on behalf of the Class, sacrificing what he could have recovered, to ensure the entire Class was compensated.

- 33. Bode also spent significant time assisting Class Counsel in investigating and prosecuting the action.
- 34. He assisted with drafting the factual allegations in his Complaint and was involved throughout the litigation including ensuring Class Counsel received updated medical records and bills, and staying involved in the settlement discussions, which included multiple mediations.
  - 35. Similarly, Dale sacrificed her own quick recovery to represent the Class.
- 36. She was actively involved in drafting the factual allegations in her Complaint and the Consolidated Complaint, provided Class Counsel with her documents, and was involved in the settlement discussions.
- 37. Class Counsel considered a variety of methodologies to calculate the counterfactual payments Travelers would have paid had the allegedly proper limits been applied that included assessing special damages of the Settlement Class, and estimating total damages based on a multiple of such damages, adjusting to account for severity, and capping to reflect proper limits.
- 38. Class Counsel also considered and/or developed several statistical models including Kaplan–Meier curves, maximum likelihood estimations of censored claim data (product limit estimators), single and double component Weibull distributions, and mixed models designed to fit case data and other settlement data.
- 39. The results of these efforts were then adjusted to reflect proper policy limits, statute of limitations issues, and release claims.
- 40. Once the aggregate number was negotiated, Class Counsel developed and will apply a reasonable formula to allocate each Settlement Class Member an appropriate share the aggregate recovery.
- 41. Using data provided by Travelers, that formula accounts for the date of the claim, the amount of UM/UIM coverage available, the relative value of the claim, whether the Class Member had a statute of limitations issue on the contract claim, and whether the Settlement Class Member signed a release.

42. Class Counsel ran several models to predict the settlement value, including models for other cases, and used those models to cross-check the value of this settlement.

I declare under penalty of perjury of the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct.

DATED July 31, 2024.

HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP

